Session on "Computer Algebra Modeling in Physics, Classical and Celestial Mechanics, and Engineering"

## Convergence order in trajectory estimation with piecewise Bézier cubics based on reduced data

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We discuss the problem of fitting reduced data  $\mathcal{Q}_m = \{q_i\}_{i=1}^m$  in arbitrary Euclidean space  $\mathbb{E}^n$ . In our setting the interpolation knots  $\{t_i\}_{i=0}^m$  (with  $q_i = \gamma(t_i)$ ) are unknown and need to be compensated by certain  $\hat{\mathcal{T}} = \{\hat{t}_i\}_{i=0}^m$  (see e.g. [1]). Various fitting schemes combined with some recipes for  $\hat{\mathcal{T}}$  were studied e.g. in [1-3] (for dense  $\mathcal{Q}_m$ ) or [4-5] (for sparse  $\mathcal{Q}_m$ ). In case of  $\mathcal{Q}_m$  dense, the convergence rate (and its sharpness) for a selected interpolation scheme  $\hat{\gamma}$  (based on  $\mathcal{Q}_m$  and  $\hat{\mathcal{T}}$ ) in approximating  $\gamma$  is a task to examine - see e.g. [2-4]. We analyze the problem of partially fitting  $\mathcal{Q}_m$  by merely interpolating  $\hat{\mathcal{Q}}_m = \{q_0, q_3, q_6, \dots, q_{m=3k}\}$  with piecewise cubic Bézier curve  $\hat{\gamma}_B$  (see [6]). The other points serve only as control points. A sharp quadratic order in  $\gamma$  estimation by  $\hat{\gamma} \circ \phi$  (with  $\phi : [0,T] \to [0,\hat{T}]$ ) is proved. Numerical and symbolic computation in Mathematica is used to confirm the latter.

## Keywords

Interpolation, Reduced Data, Convergence Orders and Sharpness

## References

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